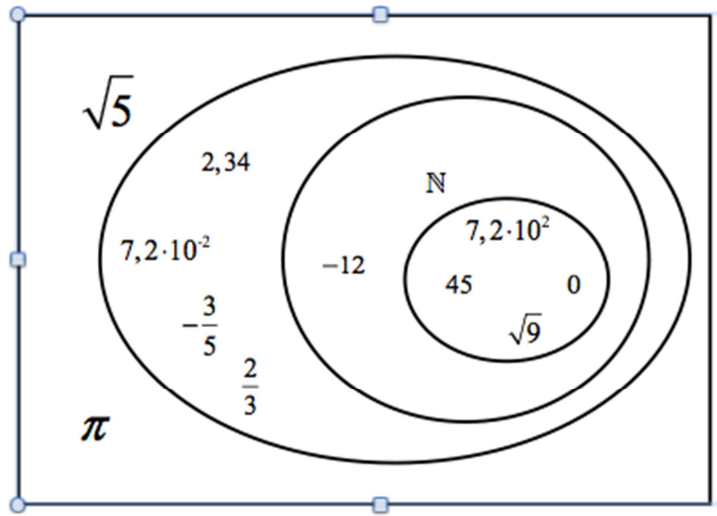


1.10 Corrections exercices calcul numérique

Correction Exercise 1



Correction Exercise 2

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1) $0 \in \mathbb{N}$ | 2) $\frac{\pi}{3} \in \mathbb{R}$ | 3) $-\frac{11}{3} \in \mathbb{Q}$ | 4) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \in \mathbb{R}$ |
| 5) $-5,2 \in \mathbb{Q}$ | 6) $0,2\overline{7} \in \mathbb{Q}$ | 7) $\sqrt{-2} \notin \mathbb{R}$ | 8) $-2,9\overline{1} \in \mathbb{Q}$ |
| 9) $10^{-5} \in \mathbb{Q}$ | 10) $4 \cdot 10^7 \in \mathbb{N}$ | 11) $0,12345678910111213141516... \in \mathbb{R}$ | |

Correction Exercise 3

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1) $0,3\overline{7} \in \mathbb{Q}$ | 2) $\sqrt{25} \in \mathbb{N}$ | 3) $\frac{6}{2} \in \mathbb{N}$ | 4) $\sqrt{-16} \notin \mathbb{Z}$ |
| 5) $-2,5 \notin \mathbb{Z}$ | 6) $\sqrt{-25} \notin \mathbb{R}$ | 7) $\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \in \mathbb{R}$ | 8) $\sqrt{0,01} \in \mathbb{Q}$ |
| 9) $0 \in \mathbb{R}$ | 10) $-\sqrt{25} \notin \mathbb{N}$ | 11) $5 \in \mathbb{Z}$ | 12) $1,23\overline{4} \in \mathbb{R}$ |

Correction Exercise 4

- 1) $\sqrt{17}$ ou $4,101001000100001\dots$ 2) impossible 3) $\frac{1}{4}$

Correction Exercise 5

1)
$$3,456 = \frac{3456}{1000} = \frac{1728}{500} = \frac{864}{250} = \frac{432}{125}$$

Indivisible par 5

↓

↑

Seulement divisible par 5

2)
$$33,68 = \frac{3368}{100} = \frac{842}{25}$$

Indivisible par 5

↓

↑

Seulement divisible par 5

3)
$$0,0006 = \frac{6}{10000} = \frac{3}{5000}$$
 ← Indivisible par 3

4)
$$458,5 = \frac{4585}{10} = \frac{917}{2}$$

Indivisible par 2

↓

↑

Seulement divisible par 2

Correction Exercise 6

1)
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 5 \\ \hline 30 \\ 30 \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 5 \\ \hline 1,6 \end{array} \right.$$

2)
$$\begin{array}{r} 508 \\ 495 \\ \hline 130 \\ 0 \\ \hline 1300 \\ 1155 \\ \hline 1450 \\ 1320 \\ \hline 1300 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 165 \\ \hline 3,078 \end{array} \right.$$

Périodicité

3)
$$\begin{array}{r} 1728 \\ 1728 \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 12 \\ \hline 144 \end{array} \right.$$

4)
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 0 \\ \hline 40 \\ 36 \\ \hline 40 \\ 36 \\ \hline 40 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 12 \\ \hline 0,3 \end{array} \right.$$

Périodicité

Que constate-t-on ? Tous ces nombres ont soit un développement décimal **fini**, soit un développement décimal **illimité périodique**.

Correction Exercise 7

- 1) $(5 + 3 \cdot 17) - (6 - 3) \cdot 4 = (5 + 51) - 3 \cdot 4 = 56 - 3 \cdot 4 = 56 - 12 = \boxed{44}$
- 2) $[5 + 6 \cdot (12 - 4 \cdot 2)] \cdot 3 - 3 = [5 + 6 \cdot (12 - 8)] \cdot 3 - 3 = [5 + 6 \cdot 4] \cdot 3 - 3 = [5 + 24] \cdot 3 - 3 = 29 \cdot 3 - 3 = 87 - 3 = \boxed{84}$
- 3) $49 \div (15 - 2 \cdot 4) + 3 - 2 \cdot 5 = 49 \div (15 - 8)^2 + 3 - 2 \cdot 5 = 49 \div 7^2 + 3 - 2 \cdot 5 = 1 + 3 - 10 = 4 - 10 = \boxed{-6}$
- 4) $2 \cdot 5 + 150 \div (2 + 3) + 12 \cdot 4 + 7 \cdot 8 = 2 \cdot 5 + 150 \div 5 + 12 \cdot 4 + 7 \cdot 8 = 10 + 30 + 48 + 56 = 40 + 104 = \boxed{144}$
- 5) $(5 + 6) \cdot (12 - 4 \cdot 2) \cdot \underbrace{(3 - 3)}_{=0} = \boxed{0}$
- 6) $((10 \cdot 4 - 20) \cdot 2 - 20)^2 = ((40 - 20) \cdot 2 - 20)^2 = (20 \cdot 2 - 20)^2 = (40 - 20)^2 = 20^2 = \boxed{400}$
- 7) $(5 + 6) \cdot 12 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 3 = 11 \cdot 12 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 - 3 = 132 - 8 \cdot 3 - 3 = 132 - 24 - 3 = 108 - 3 = \boxed{105}$
- 8) $(13 + 7) \cdot 5 - 7 \cdot 8 + 2 \cdot (4 - 3)^3 = 20 \cdot 5 - 7 \cdot 8 + 2 \cdot 1^3 = 100 - 56 + 2 = 44 + 2 = \boxed{46}$
- 9) $36 + 6 \div 2 - (4 \cdot 3 + 7) = 36 + 6 \div 2 - (12 + 7) = 36 + 6 \div 2 - 19 = 36 + 3 - 19 = 39 - 19 = \boxed{20}$
- 10) $3 \cdot \{5 + 2 \cdot [6 - (4 + 1)] + 3 + 2 \cdot 4\} + 5 = 3 \cdot \{5 + 2 \cdot [6 - 5] + 3 + 2 \cdot 4\} + 5 = 3 \cdot \{5 + 2 \cdot 1 + 3 + 2 \cdot 4\} + 5 = 3 \cdot \{5 + 2 + 3 + 8\} + 5 = 3 \cdot \{7 + 11\} + 5 = 3 \cdot 18 + 5 = 54 + 5 = \boxed{59}$

Correction Exercise 8

a) Divisions successives :

28	2
14	2
7	7
1	

$\Rightarrow 28 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 = 2^2 \cdot 7$

162	2
81	3
27	3
9	3
3	3
1	

$\Rightarrow 162 = 2 \cdot 3^4$

1200	2
600	2
300	2
150	2
75	3
25	5
5	5
1	

$\Rightarrow 1200 = 2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2$

1260	2
630	2
315	3
105	3
35	5
7	7
1	

$\Rightarrow 1260 = 2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$

b) 61 n'est pas un nombre composé car il est premier (il n'est divisible que par 1 et lui-même).

Correction Exercise 9

$$a) \frac{48}{60} = \frac{2^4 \cdot 3}{2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} = \frac{2^2}{5} = \boxed{\frac{4}{5}} \quad b) \frac{18}{45} = \frac{2 \cdot 3^2}{5 \cdot 3^2} = \boxed{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$c) \frac{70}{140} = \frac{7}{14} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} \quad d) \frac{21000}{56000} = \frac{21}{56} = \frac{3 \cdot 7}{2^3 \cdot 7} = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$$

Correction exercise 10

$$a) \frac{15}{6} = \frac{30}{12} = \frac{5}{2} = \frac{25}{10} \quad b) \frac{12,1}{0,4} = \frac{36,3}{1,2} = \frac{6,05}{0,2} = \frac{121}{4}$$

Correction exercise 11

$$a) \frac{3}{5} + \frac{8}{10} = \frac{14}{10} = \frac{7}{5} \quad b) \frac{4}{15} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{15} \quad c) \frac{51}{12} + \frac{23}{6} = \frac{51+46}{12} = \frac{97}{12}$$

$$d) -\frac{11}{7} + \frac{6}{5} = \frac{-55+42}{35} = \frac{-13}{35} \quad e) \frac{8}{9} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{9} \quad f) \frac{3}{4} - \frac{7}{12} = \frac{9-7}{12} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$g) 15 - \frac{42}{14} = \frac{210-42}{14} = \frac{168}{14} = 12 \quad h) \frac{95}{34} - \frac{18}{17} - 0,25 = \frac{95-36}{34} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{236-34}{136} = \frac{202}{136} = \frac{101}{68}$$

Correction exercise 12

$$a) \frac{35}{9} \cdot \frac{6}{5} = \frac{14}{3} \quad b) 5 \cdot \frac{7}{4} = \frac{35}{4} \quad c) -\frac{42}{25} \cdot \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{2} = -\frac{63}{5} \quad d) \frac{225}{14} \cdot \frac{56}{36} \cdot \frac{9}{15} = 15$$

$\begin{matrix} :15=15 & :14=4 & :9=1 \\ :14=1 & :9=4 & :15=1 \end{matrix}$

Correction exercise 13

$$a) \frac{3}{4} : \frac{6}{8} = 1 \quad b) \frac{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{9}{2}}{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{9}{2}}{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{\frac{4}{6} + \frac{27}{6}}{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{\frac{31}{6}}{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{31}{5} \quad c) \frac{7}{4} : \frac{21}{16} \cdot \frac{2}{35} = \frac{8}{105} \quad d) \frac{4}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)} \cdot \frac{7}{8} : 7 = \frac{4}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{7}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Correction exercise 14

$$a) \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot (-3) + \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{17}{18} \quad b) \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{-2}{9}\right) = \frac{1}{54} \quad c) (-3)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{-2}{9}\right) = \frac{-23}{54}$$

$$d) \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)(-3) - \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{19}{18} \quad e) \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) - \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{-2}{9}\right) = \frac{-7}{54} \quad f) (-3)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) - \left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{-2}{9}\right) = \frac{-31}{54}$$

Correction exercice 15

- 1) M. X a obtenu 12 826 voix sur 22 159 votants.

$$\frac{12826}{22159} \approx 0,5788 \quad \text{c'est-à-dire} \quad \frac{57,88}{100} \approx 57,88 \% \quad \text{M. X a un résultat de } 57,88 \% \text{ des votants.}$$

M. X a obtenu 12 826 voix sur 41 751 inscrits.

$$\frac{12826}{41751} \approx 0,3072 \quad \text{c'est-à-dire} \quad \frac{30,72}{100} \approx 30,72 \% \quad \text{M. X a un résultat de } 30,72 \% \text{ des inscrits.}$$

- 2) Sur 41751 inscrits il y a eu 22159 votants et par conséquent
- $41751 - 22159 = 19592$
- abstentions.

$$\frac{19592}{41751} = 0,4693 = 46,93 \% . \quad \text{Il y a eu } 46,93 \% \text{ d'abstention.}$$

Correction exercice 16

- 1)
- $10\,300 \times 2\% = 10\,300 \times 0,02 = 206$

Le prix du modèle le 30 juin 2001 étant de 10 300 €, l'augmentation de 2% correspond à 206 €.

$$10\,300 + 206 = 10\,506$$

Le nouveau prix est donc 10 506 €.

- 2) Pour un modèle coûtant 17 150 € le 30 juin 2001, le nouveau prix peut être obtenu directement en écrivant :
- $17\,150 \times 1,02 = 17\,493$

Le nouveau prix est donc 17 493 €

Correction exercice 17

a) x représente l'argent de départ $154 = \frac{1}{4}x \Leftrightarrow x = 616$ Il avait **616FRS**

b) x représente le nombre de bonbons $\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{2}{3}x\right) = 6 \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2}x = 6 \Leftrightarrow x = 12$ Il y avait **12 bonbons**

c) $8 \cdot 7 : 2 = 28$

Correction exercise 18

- 1) $5^3 \cdot 5^2 = 5^{3+2} = 5^5 = \boxed{3125}$
- 2) $7 \cdot 7^2 = 7^3 = \boxed{343}$
- 3) $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{2^3}{3^3} = \boxed{\frac{8}{27}}$
- 4) $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 \div \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^6 = \frac{2^3}{3^3} \cdot \frac{3^6}{2^6} = \frac{2^3}{2^6} \cdot \frac{3^6}{3^3} = \frac{3^3}{2^3} = \boxed{\frac{27}{8}}$
- 5) $(-1)^5 \cdot (-1)^7 = (-1)^{12} = \boxed{1}$
- 6) $10^4 \cdot 10^{-1} = 10^{4+(-1)} = 10^3 = \boxed{1000}$
- 7) $3^7 \cdot 3^{-5} = 3^{7+(-5)} = 3^2 = \boxed{9}$
- 8) $(2^2)^3 = 2^{2 \cdot 3} = 2^6 = \boxed{64}$
- 9) $((-1)^{11})^{11} = (-1)^{11 \cdot 11} = (-1)^{121} = \boxed{-1}$
- 10) $\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{3}\right)^5 = \left((-1) \cdot \frac{2}{3}\right)^4 \cdot (-1)^5 = (-1)^4 \cdot \frac{2^4}{3^4} \cdot (-1)^5 = -\frac{2^4}{3^4} = \boxed{-\frac{16}{81}}$
- 11) $\frac{2^{13}}{2^{10}} = 2^{13-10} = 2^3 = \boxed{8}$
- 12) $(-2,5)^2 \div (-2,5) = \frac{(-2,5)^2}{(-2,5)} = \boxed{-2,5}$
- 13) $\frac{5^7}{5^7} = 5^0 = \boxed{1}$
- 14) $4^5 \cdot 4^{-5} = 4^0 = \boxed{1}$
- 15) $(6^7)^0 = 6^0 = \boxed{1}$
- 16) $-5^3 = -(5^3) = \boxed{-125}$
- 17) $(-5)^3 = (-5) \cdot (-5) \cdot (-5) = \boxed{-125}$
- 18) $(-0.01)^2 = 0,0001 = \boxed{\frac{1}{10000}}$
- 19) $-(-10)^3 = -(-1000) = \boxed{1000}$
- 20) $7^0 = \boxed{1}$
- 21) $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{1^3}{3^3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{27}}$
- 22) $\left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)^4 = \left((-1) \cdot \frac{5}{2}\right)^4 = (-1)^4 \cdot \frac{5^4}{2^4} = \boxed{\frac{625}{16}}$
- 23) $\left(-\frac{7}{3}\right)^2 = \left((-1) \cdot \frac{7}{3}\right)^2 = (-1)^2 \cdot \frac{7^2}{3^2} = \boxed{\frac{49}{9}}$
- 24) $(10^2)^3 = 10^6 = \boxed{1000000}$
- 25) $10^{-2} \cdot 10^{-2} = 10^{(-2)+(-2)} = 10^{-4} = \frac{1}{10^4} = \boxed{\frac{1}{10000}}$
- 26) $(10^6)^0 = \boxed{1}$
- 27) $10^2 + 10^4 \cdot 10^{-5} = 10^2 + 10^{-1} = 100 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1000 + 1}{10} = \boxed{\frac{1001}{10}}$
- 28) $0,01 \cdot 0,001 \cdot 10^6 = 10^{-2} \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 10^6 = 10^{-2-3+6} = \boxed{10}$
- 29) $\frac{10^9}{10^7} = 10^{9-7} = 10^2 = \boxed{100}$
- 30) $\frac{1}{(0,01)^3} = \frac{1}{(10^{-2})^3} = \frac{1}{10^{-6}} = 10^{-(-6)} = 10^6 = \boxed{1000000}$

$$31) -4^{-3} = -(4^{-3}) = -\left(\frac{1}{4^3}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{64}}$$

$$32) (-2)^{-3} = \frac{1}{(-2)^3} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{8}}$$

$$33) \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{5}} = \boxed{5}$$

$$34) \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 - \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{16} = \frac{4+2-1}{16} = \boxed{\frac{5}{16}}$$

$$35) \frac{5^6 \cdot 2^6}{100000} = \frac{(5 \cdot 2)^6}{10^5} = \frac{10^6}{10^5} = 10^{6-5} = \boxed{10}$$

$$36) \frac{(-1)^2 - (-1)^3 - (-1)^4}{(-2)^2 - (-2)^3 - 2^4} = \frac{1+1-1}{4+8-16} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$37) -0^7 = -(0^7) = -0 = \boxed{0}$$

$$38) (-1)^{157845} = \boxed{-1} \text{ car } 157845 \text{ est impair.}$$

$$39) (-1)^{157846} = \boxed{1} \text{ car } 157846 \text{ est pair.}$$

$$40) 3^2 \cdot (3^2 + 3^4) = 3^2 \cdot (9 + 81) = 3^2 \cdot 90 = 9 \cdot 90 = \boxed{810}$$

$$41) \frac{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^5}{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2} = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{5-2} = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 = \frac{3^3}{4^3} = \boxed{\frac{27}{64}}$$

$$42) \frac{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4}{\left[\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2\right]^4} = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{2+4}}{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{2 \cdot 4}} = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^6}{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^8} = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{6-8} = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{-2} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{\frac{4^2}{5^2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{16}{25}} = \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{25}{16} = \boxed{\frac{25}{16}}$$

Correction exercise 19

$$1) (5 \cdot 2^3)^4 = 5^4 \cdot 2^{12}$$

$$2) (5^2)^7 \cdot (5^3)^6 = 5^{32}$$

$$3) \frac{2^{-2} \cdot 5^3 \cdot 2^8}{2^{-6} \cdot 5^4 \cdot 5^0} = \frac{2^{12}}{5^1} = 2^{12} \cdot 5^{-1}$$

$$4) \frac{16^{323}}{4^{640}} = 4^6 = 16^3$$

Correction exercise 20

$$1) 3^3=27 \quad 2) 3^{10} \quad 3) 3^{18} \quad 4) 3^n$$

Correction exercise 21

$$a) 2^8=256 \quad b) 2^n$$

Correction exercise 22

$$3*5=15$$

Correction exercise 23

$$a) 5^3=125 \quad 2) 1250(s) \text{ oui } < 3600(s)$$

Correction exercice 24

a) $10^3 = \boxed{1\ 000}$

h) $12 \cdot 10^3 = \boxed{12\ 000}$

b) $10^6 = \boxed{1\ 000\ 000}$

i) $2,15 \cdot 10^5 = \boxed{215\ 000}$

c) $10^8 = \boxed{100\ 000\ 000}$

j) $3,17 \cdot 10^{-4} = \boxed{0,000\ 317}$

d) $10^0 = \boxed{1}$

k) $0,0078 \cdot 10^2 = \boxed{0,78}$

e) $2,4 \cdot 10^{-5} = \boxed{0,000\ 024}$

l) $657,1247 \cdot 10^{-1} = \boxed{65,712\ 47}$

f) $0,7896 \cdot 10^7 = \boxed{7\ 896\ 000}$

m) $147,8 \cdot 10^6 = \boxed{147\ 800\ 000}$

g) $2345 \cdot 10^{-5} = \boxed{0,023\ 45}$

n) $2,6701 \cdot 1\ 000 \cdot 10^7 = 2\ 670,1 \cdot 10^7 = \boxed{26\ 701\ 000\ 000}$

Correction exercice 25

$$\left((10^{10})^{10} \right)^{10} = (10^{10})^{100} = 10^{1000}$$

et $10^2 = 100 \rightarrow 3$ chiffres sous forme décimale

$10^3 = 1000 \rightarrow 4$ chiffres sous forme décimale

↓

$10^{1000} = \dots \rightarrow 1001$ chiffres sous forme décimale

Correction exercice 26

1) $3,6 \cdot 10^7$

2) $3,3 \cdot 10^{-7}$

3) $1,8 \cdot 10^{-2}$

4) $2,2 \cdot 10^2$

5) $1,5 \cdot 10^2$

6) $1,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$

7) $7,53 \cdot 10^6$

8) $1,0 \cdot 10^{-6}$

9) $7,31 \cdot 10^{-3}$

10) $1,35 \cdot 10^3$

11) $1,2 \cdot 10^1$

12) $4,7 \cdot 10^0$

13) $1,00 \cdot 10^9$

14) $1,00 \cdot 10^0$

15) $3,20 \cdot 10^{-7}$

16) $1,20 \cdot 10^{-2}$

17) $9,87 \cdot 10^{29}$

18) $5,47 \cdot 10^{-3}$

19) $9,06 \cdot 10^{-3}$

Correction exercise 27

$$a) \frac{(4 \cdot 10^7) \cdot (15 \cdot 10^{-8})}{0,006} = \frac{60 \cdot 10^{-1}}{60 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 10^{-1} \cdot 10^4 = 10^{4-1} = 10^3 = 1000 = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^3}$$

$$b) \frac{(5 \cdot 10^{16}) \cdot (2 \cdot 10^{-12})^2}{200} = \frac{5 \cdot 10^{16} \cdot 4 \cdot 10^{-24}}{2 \cdot 10^2} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^{-8}}{2 \cdot 10^2} = 10^1 \cdot 10^{-8} \cdot 10^{-2} = 10^{-9} = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^{-9}}$$

$$c) \frac{0,056 \cdot 10^8}{(7 \cdot 10^{-16}) \cdot (8 \cdot 10^{12})} = \frac{56 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 10^8}{56 \cdot 10^{12} \cdot 10^{-16}} = \frac{10^5}{10^{-4}} = 10^5 \cdot 10^4 = 10^9 = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^9}$$

$$d) \frac{(4 \cdot 10^8) \cdot (12 \cdot 10^{-12})}{0,048} = \frac{48 \cdot 10^{-4}}{48 \cdot 10^{-3}} = \frac{10^{-4}}{10^{-3}} = 10^{-4} \cdot 10^3 = 10^{-1} = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^{-1}}$$

$$e) \frac{(5 \cdot 10^{-16}) \cdot (2 \cdot 10^{-12})^2}{200} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^{-16} \cdot 10^{-24}}{20 \cdot 10^1} = \frac{10^{-40}}{10^1} = 10^{-40} \cdot 10^1 = 10^{-41} = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^{-41}}$$

$$f) \frac{45 \cdot 10^{-5}}{3 \cdot (5 \cdot 10^{-2})} = 3 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 10^2 = \boxed{3 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$g) \frac{25 \cdot 10^{27} \cdot 4 \cdot 10^{11}}{10^{-12}} = \frac{100 \cdot 10^{27} \cdot 10^{11}}{10^{-12}} = \frac{10^2 \cdot 10^{27} \cdot 10^{11}}{10^{-12}} = \frac{10^{40}}{10^{-12}} = 10^{40} \cdot 10^{12} = 10^{52} = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^{52}}$$

$$h) \frac{300000 \cdot 0,0000006}{1000 \cdot 0,002} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^5 \cdot \cancel{6} \cdot 10^{-7}}{10^3 \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot 10^{-3}} = \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^{5-7}}{10^{3-3}} = \frac{9 \cdot 10^{-2}}{10^0} = 9 \cdot 10^{-2} = \boxed{9 \cdot 10^{-2}}$$

$$i) \frac{0,00012}{60000 \cdot 200} = \frac{\cancel{12} \cdot 10^{-5}}{\cancel{6} \cdot 10^4 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^2} = \frac{2 \cdot 10^{-5}}{2 \cdot 10^{4+2}} = \frac{10^{-5}}{10^6} = 10^{-5-6} = 10^{-11} = \boxed{1 \cdot 10^{-11}}$$

Correction exercise 28

4,5 milliards de kilomètres = $4,5 \cdot 10^9$ [km]

$$\text{vitesse} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{temps}} \quad \left(v = \frac{d}{t} \right)$$

$$t = \frac{d}{v} = \frac{4,5 \cdot 10^9 \text{ [km]}}{3 \cdot 10^5 \left[\frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}} \right]} = \boxed{1,5 \cdot 10^4 \text{ [s]}} = 4,1\bar{6} \text{ [h]} ; \boxed{4 \text{ [h]} 10 \text{ [min]}}$$

Correction exercice 29

$$\text{a) } \sqrt{900} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 100} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{100} = 3 \cdot 10 = \boxed{30} \quad \sqrt{0,04} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{100}} = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{100}} = \frac{2}{10} = \boxed{0,2}$$

$$\text{b) } \sqrt{18} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2} = \boxed{3 \cdot \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{c) } \sqrt{576} = \sqrt{16 \cdot 36} = \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{36} = 4 \cdot 6 = \boxed{24}$$

$$\text{d) } \sqrt{27} = \sqrt{3 \cdot 9} = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{9} = \boxed{3 \cdot \sqrt{3}} \quad \sqrt{75} = \sqrt{25 \cdot 3} = \sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{3} = \boxed{5 \cdot \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{5} = \boxed{3 \cdot \sqrt{5}} \quad \sqrt{\frac{16}{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{9}} = \boxed{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{25}{10}} = \frac{\sqrt{25}}{\sqrt{10}} = \boxed{\frac{5}{\sqrt{10}}} \quad \sqrt{\frac{18}{50}} = \frac{\sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{50}} = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 9}}{\sqrt{2 \cdot 25}} = \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \sqrt{9}}{\cancel{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \sqrt{25}} = \boxed{\frac{3}{5}}$$

Correction exercice 30

$$1) \sqrt{169} = \sqrt{13^2} = \boxed{13}$$

$$2) \sqrt{0,25} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{1^2}}{\sqrt{2^2}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$3) \sqrt{9} = \sqrt{3^2} = \boxed{3}$$

$$4) \sqrt{16} = \sqrt{4^2} = \boxed{4}$$

$$5) 25 = 5^2 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{25} = \boxed{5}$$

$$6) 64 = 8^2 \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{64} = \boxed{8}$$

$$7) \sqrt{0,16} = \sqrt{\frac{16}{100}} = \frac{\sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{100}} = \frac{\sqrt{4^2}}{\sqrt{10^2}} = \frac{4}{10} = \boxed{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$8) -\sqrt{144} = -\sqrt{12^2} = \boxed{-12}$$

$$9) \sqrt{-144} \text{ pas défini dans } \mathbb{R}$$

$$10) \sqrt{0,0001} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{10000}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{10000}} = \frac{\sqrt{1^2}}{\sqrt{100^2}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$11) \frac{\sqrt{900}}{\sqrt{49}} = \frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 100}}{\sqrt{49}} = \frac{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{100}}{\sqrt{49}} = \frac{3 \cdot 10}{7} = \boxed{\frac{30}{7}}$$

$$12) \sqrt{10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10^2} = \sqrt{10^6} = \sqrt{1000000} = \boxed{1000}$$

$$13) \sqrt{\frac{625}{121}} = \frac{\sqrt{625}}{\sqrt{121}} = \frac{\sqrt{25^2}}{\sqrt{11^2}} = \boxed{\frac{25}{11}}$$

$$14) \sqrt{\frac{81}{36}} = \frac{\sqrt{81}}{\sqrt{36}} = \frac{\sqrt{9^2}}{\sqrt{6^2}} = \frac{9}{6} = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$15) \sqrt{\frac{1}{-1}} = \sqrt{-1} \text{ pas défini dans } \mathbb{R}$$

$$16) \sqrt{\frac{144}{121}} = \frac{\sqrt{144}}{\sqrt{121}} = \frac{\sqrt{12^2}}{\sqrt{11^2}} = \boxed{\frac{12}{11}}$$

$$17) \sqrt{\frac{-16}{-36}} = \sqrt{\frac{16}{36}} = \frac{\sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{36}} = \frac{\sqrt{4^2}}{\sqrt{6^2}} = \frac{4}{6} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$18) \sqrt{\frac{1}{169}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{169}} = \frac{\sqrt{1^2}}{\sqrt{13^2}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{13}}$$

$$19) \sqrt{\frac{225}{81}} = \frac{\sqrt{225}}{\sqrt{81}} = \frac{\sqrt{15^2}}{\sqrt{9^2}} = \frac{15}{9} = \boxed{\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$20) -\sqrt{\frac{400}{900}} = -\frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{9}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2^2}}{\sqrt{3^2}} = \boxed{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

21) $(\sqrt{256})^2 = \boxed{256}$

22) $\sqrt{(-256)^2} = \sqrt{(256)^2} = \boxed{256}$

23) $\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{-6} = \left(\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^2\right)^{-3} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-3} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2^3}{3^3}\right)} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)} = \boxed{\frac{27}{8}}$

24) $\sqrt{9^5} = (\sqrt{9})^5 = (\sqrt{3^2})^5 = 3^5 = \boxed{243}$

25) $\sqrt{256^3} = (\sqrt{256})^3 = (\sqrt{16^2})^3 = 16^3 = \boxed{4096}$

26) $(\sqrt{2045})^0 = \boxed{1}$

Correction exercise 31

a) $\sqrt{28} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 7} = \sqrt{2^2} \cdot \sqrt{7} = 2 \cdot \sqrt{7}$

b) $\sqrt{1260} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7} = \sqrt{2^2} \cdot \sqrt{3^2} \cdot \sqrt{5 \cdot 7} = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{35} = 6 \cdot \sqrt{35}$

c) $\sqrt{1200} = \sqrt{2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2} = \sqrt{2^2} \cdot \sqrt{2^2} \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{5^2} = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} = 20 \cdot \sqrt{3}$

d) $\sqrt{162} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 81} = \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{81} = 9 \cdot \sqrt{2}$

Correction exercise 32

1) $2\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} = -\sqrt{3}$

2) $\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{12} = \sqrt{3 \cdot 9} + \sqrt{3 \cdot 4} = 3\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} = 5\sqrt{3}$

3) $\sqrt{128} + \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{32} = 8\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2} = (8 + 2 - 4)\sqrt{2} = 6\sqrt{2}$

4) $\sqrt{20} - \sqrt{125} - \sqrt{245} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} - \sqrt{5 \cdot 25} - \sqrt{5 \cdot 49} = (2 - 5 - 7)\sqrt{5} = -10\sqrt{5}$

5) $\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}} + 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{27}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3 \cdot \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \left(2 + \frac{2}{3} - 1\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

6) $\sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} + 5 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{28}{12}} - 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{63}{75}} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} + 5 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot 7}{4 \cdot 3}} - 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7}{5 \cdot 5 \cdot 3}} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} + 5 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} - 2 \cdot \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} = \left(1 + 5 - \frac{6}{5}\right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} = \frac{24}{5} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}}$

Correction exercise 33

1) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$

2) $\frac{7}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{3}$

3) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$

4) $\frac{3}{2 \cdot \sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{10}$

5) $\frac{n}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{n\sqrt{n}}{n} = \sqrt{n}$

6) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{5}-3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}+3}{\sqrt{5}+3} = \frac{5(\sqrt{5}+3)}{5-9} = \frac{5\sqrt{5}+15}{-4}$

7) $\frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{4-3} = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{1}$

8) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}+1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot (\sqrt{2}-1)}{2-1} = \frac{\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{3}}{1}$

9) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{8}-\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{5(\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{2})}{8-2} = \frac{5\sqrt{8}+5\sqrt{2}}{6} = \frac{10\sqrt{2}+5\sqrt{2}}{6} = \frac{15\sqrt{2}}{6} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$

Correction exercice 34

- 1) $\sqrt{9} < \sqrt{14} < \sqrt{16} \Leftrightarrow 3 < \sqrt{14} < 4$
- 2) $\sqrt{1} < \sqrt{3} < \sqrt{4} \Leftrightarrow 1 < \sqrt{3} < 2$
- 3) $\sqrt{4} < \sqrt{7} < \sqrt{9} \Leftrightarrow 2 < \sqrt{7} < 3$
- 4) $\sqrt{25} < \sqrt{26} < \sqrt{36} \Leftrightarrow 5 < \sqrt{26} < 6$
- 5) $\sqrt{100} < \sqrt{102} < \sqrt{121} \Leftrightarrow 10 < \sqrt{102} < 11$
- 6) $\sqrt{25} < \sqrt{27,8} < \sqrt{36} \Leftrightarrow 5 < \sqrt{27,8} < 6$
- 7) $\sqrt{16} < \sqrt{20,25} < \sqrt{25} \Leftrightarrow 4 < \sqrt{20,25} < 5$
- 8) $\sqrt{100} < \sqrt{102,01} < \sqrt{121} \Leftrightarrow 10 < \sqrt{102,01} < 11$
- 9) $-\sqrt{169} < -\sqrt{162,56} < -\sqrt{144} \Leftrightarrow -13 < -\sqrt{162,56} < -12$
- 10) $\sqrt{49} < \sqrt{54,76} < \sqrt{64} \Leftrightarrow 7 < \sqrt{54,76} < 8$

Correction exercice 35

- a)
- 1) $x = \sqrt{7}$ et $x = -\sqrt{7}$
 - 2) Pas de solution dans \mathbb{R} .
 - 3) $x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{3}} = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
 - 4) $x = 0$
 - 5) Pas de solution dans \mathbb{R} .
- b)
- 1) Aucune solution dans \mathbb{R} . Il n'existe aucun nombre dans \mathbb{R} qui multiplié par lui-même donne un résultat négatif.
 - 2) Exactement une solution dans \mathbb{R} . 0 multiplié par lui-même donne 0 et c'est le seul nombre de \mathbb{R} qui multiplié par lui-même donne ce résultat.
 - 3) Deux solutions dans \mathbb{R} . Chaque nombre strictement positif de \mathbb{R} peut être obtenu en multipliant un nombre de \mathbb{R} par lui-même. Ce même résultat peut être obtenu en multipliant l'opposé de ce dernier nombre par lui-même.

Correction exercise 36

- 1) $-2^3 + 7 \cdot (4+6)^2 + \sqrt{36} = -2^3 + 7 \cdot 10^2 + \sqrt{6^2} = -8 + 7 \cdot 100 + 6 = \boxed{698}$
- 2) $4^3 + 2^3 \cdot 5^2 + 10 \cdot (2-3)^5 = 2^3 \cdot 2^3 + 2^3 \cdot 5^2 + 10 \cdot (-1)^5 = 2^3 \cdot (2^3 + 5^2) + 10 \cdot (-1) =$
 $8 \cdot (8 + 25) - 10 = 8 \cdot 33 - 10 = \boxed{254}$
- 3) $(10+11) \cdot (7-14)^0 + \sqrt{121} = 21 \cdot 1 + \sqrt{11^2} = 21 + 11 = \boxed{32}$
- 4) $\sqrt{12+3 \cdot (4+5)-3} = \sqrt{12+27-3} = \sqrt{36} = \sqrt{6^2} = \boxed{6}$
- 5) $\sqrt{25-16} + 12 \cdot (7-4)^2 - 17 = \sqrt{9} + 12 \cdot 3^2 - 17 = \sqrt{3^2} + 12 \cdot 3^2 - 17 = 3 + 12 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 - 17 =$
 $3 \cdot (1 + 12 \cdot 3) - 17 = 3 \cdot 37 - 17 = \boxed{94}$
- 6) $256 - 4 \cdot (\sqrt{25} + 2^4 - \sqrt{144}) = 256 - 4 \cdot (\sqrt{5^2} + 16 - \sqrt{12^2}) = 256 - 4 \cdot (5 + 16 - 12) =$
 $256 - 4 \cdot 9 = 256 - 36 = \boxed{220}$
- 7) $\left[-\frac{2}{3} - (-2)\right]^2 = \left[-\frac{2}{3} + 2\right]^2 = \left[\frac{-2+6}{3}\right]^2 = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4^2}{3^2} = \boxed{\frac{16}{9}}$
- 8) $\left(+\frac{1}{5}\right)^3 - \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{5} - \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5} - 1\right) = \frac{1^2}{5^2} \cdot \left(\frac{1-5}{5}\right) =$
 $\frac{1}{25} \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) = -\frac{4}{25 \cdot 5} = \boxed{-\frac{4}{125}}$
- 9) $\left[3 - \left(+\frac{11}{3}\right)\right]^2 = \left[3 - \frac{11}{3}\right]^2 = \left[\frac{9-11}{3}\right]^2 = \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{2^2}{3^2} = \boxed{\frac{4}{9}}$
- 10) $\left[5 - \left(+\frac{5}{2}\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right)\right]^2 = \left[5 - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{5}{3}\right]^2 = \left[5 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right)\right]^2 = \left[5 \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3 - 3 - 2}{2 \cdot 3}\right)\right]^2 = \left[5 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right]^2 =$
 $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{5^2}{6^2} = \boxed{\frac{25}{36}}$
- 11) $\sqrt{\frac{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{6}}{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{5}}} = \sqrt{\frac{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2} \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2} = \frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{2}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{4}^2}{\cancel{3}} = \boxed{2}$
- 12) $\sqrt[3]{-\frac{\cancel{1}}{\cancel{8}} \cdot \left(\frac{\cancel{1}}{\cancel{8}} + \frac{\cancel{2}}{\cancel{4}}\right)} = \sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{8} \cdot \left(\frac{1+2 \cdot 4}{4}\right)} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{(-1)^3}{2^3} \cdot \frac{9}{4}} = \frac{-1 \cdot 9}{2 \cdot 4} = \frac{-9}{8} = \boxed{-\frac{9}{8}}$

$$13) -\left(\frac{2}{9}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{9} \cdot 4 + \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = -\frac{2^2}{9^2} + \frac{3 \cdot 4}{9} - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = -\frac{4}{(3^2)^2} + \frac{12}{3^2} - \frac{1^3}{3^3} = -\frac{4}{3^4} + \frac{12}{3^2} - \frac{1}{3^3} =$$

$$\frac{-4 + 12 \cdot 3^2 - 1 \cdot 3}{3^4} = \frac{-4 + 12 \cdot 9 - 3}{81} = \boxed{\frac{101}{81}}$$

$$14) -4^2 + (7 - 2 \cdot 3^2)^2 + 4 \cdot 0 = -16 + (7 - 2 \cdot 9)^2 + 0 = -16 + (-11)^2 = -16 + 11^2 = -16 + 121 = \boxed{105}$$

$$15) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{8}\right) \cdot (+1)^5 = \frac{2^{\cancel{2}}}{3^{\cancel{2}}} \cdot \left(-\frac{\cancel{3}}{2^{\cancel{3}}}\right) \cdot 1 = -\frac{1}{3 \cdot 2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{6}}$$

$$16) \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) - \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 : \frac{10}{3} = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) - \frac{5^2}{2^2} : \frac{10}{3} = -\frac{1^3}{2^3} \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) - \frac{5^2}{2^2} \cdot \frac{3}{10} =$$

$$\frac{4}{2^3 \cdot 5} - \frac{5^2 \cdot 3}{2^2 \cdot 10} = \frac{4}{2^3 \cdot 5} - \frac{5^{\cancel{2}} \cdot 3}{2^{\cancel{2}} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{5}} = \frac{4}{2^3 \cdot 5} - \frac{15}{2^3 \cdot 5} = \frac{4 - 15 \cdot 5}{2^3 \cdot 5} = \frac{-71}{8 \cdot 5} = \frac{-71}{40} = \boxed{-\frac{71}{40}}$$

$$17) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \div \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{1^3}{2^3} \div \left(\frac{4-3}{3 \cdot 4}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2^3} \div \left(\frac{1}{3 \cdot 4}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2^3} \div \frac{1^2}{3^2 \cdot 4^2} = \frac{3^2 \cdot 4^2}{2^3} = \frac{3^2 \cdot (2^2)^2}{2^3} =$$

$$\frac{3^2 \cdot 2^4}{2^3} = 3^2 \cdot 2^1 = 9 \cdot 2 = \boxed{18}$$

$$18) \left(\frac{6}{8} - \frac{3}{9} + \frac{64}{72}\right)^0 = \boxed{1}$$

$$19) \left[\left(\frac{6}{7}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{2}{21}\right] \div \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^3 = \left[\frac{6^2}{7^2} \cdot \frac{2}{3 \cdot 7}\right] \div \frac{2^3}{7^3} = \left[\frac{(2 \cdot 3)^2}{7^2} \cdot \frac{2}{3 \cdot 7}\right] \cdot \frac{7^3}{2^3} = \frac{\cancel{2}^{\cancel{2}} \cdot \cancel{3}^{\cancel{2}}}{\cancel{7}^{\cancel{2}} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{7}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{7}^{\cancel{3}}}{\cancel{2}^{\cancel{3}}} = \frac{3}{1} = \boxed{3}$$

$$20) \frac{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{2}}{(1-6)^2} = \frac{\frac{2 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 2}}{5^2} = \frac{-5}{5^2} = \frac{-\cancel{5}}{6 \cdot 5^{\cancel{2}}} = -\frac{1}{6 \cdot 5} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{30}}$$

$$21) \frac{5 - 2 \cdot (-7 + 3)}{-2^6 - (-2)^5} = \frac{5 - 2 \cdot (-4)}{-2^6 - (2^5)} = \frac{5 + 8}{-2^6 + 2^5} = \frac{13}{-2 \cdot 2^5 + 2^5} = \frac{13}{2^5 \cdot (-2 + 1)} = \frac{13}{2^5 \cdot (-1)} = \frac{13}{-2^5} =$$

$$-\frac{13}{2^5} = \boxed{-\frac{13}{32}}$$

$$22) \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{9}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4}{5}}\right) \div \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}\right) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{9-4}{4 \cdot 9}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4}{5}}\right) \div \left(\frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{4}} + \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{9}}\right) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{5}{4 \cdot 9}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4}{5}}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right) =$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\cancel{4}}{4 \cdot 9} \cdot \frac{\cancel{4}}{\cancel{4}}} \div \left(\frac{3+2}{2 \cdot 3}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{5}{6}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{9}} \cdot \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{\cancel{3}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{6}}{5} = \boxed{\frac{2}{5}}$$

Correction exercise 37

$$1) \sqrt{128} + \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{32} = \sqrt{2^7} + \sqrt{2^3} - \sqrt{2^5} = \sqrt{2^6 \cdot 2} + \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2} - \sqrt{2^4 \cdot 2} = 2^3 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 2 \cdot \sqrt{2} - 2^2 \cdot \sqrt{2} = \boxed{6 \cdot \sqrt{2}}$$

$$2) \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{125} - \sqrt{245} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 5} - \sqrt{5^3} - \sqrt{5 \cdot 7^2} = 2 \cdot \sqrt{5} - 5 \cdot \sqrt{5} - 7 \cdot \sqrt{5} = \boxed{-10 \cdot \sqrt{5}}$$

$$3) 3 \cdot \sqrt{27} + 5 \cdot \sqrt{108} - \sqrt{147} - \sqrt{3} = 3 \cdot \sqrt{3^3} + 5 \cdot \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 3^3} - \sqrt{3 \cdot 7^2} - \sqrt{3} = 9 \cdot \sqrt{3} + 30 \cdot \sqrt{3} - 7 \cdot \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} = \boxed{31 \cdot \sqrt{3}}$$

$$4) 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{8}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} = 2\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{2^3}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3^3}} = 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} = \boxed{\frac{13}{3} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$5) (\sqrt{3})^3 - 3 \cdot \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3 \cdot 3^2} - 3 \cdot \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{3} \cdot 3 - 3 \cdot \sqrt{3} = \boxed{0}$$

$$6) \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{8} \cdot \sqrt{15} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \cdot 15} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2} = 2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} = \boxed{20 \cdot \sqrt{3}}$$

$$7) \frac{\sqrt{20} \cdot \sqrt{27} \cdot \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{105}} = \frac{\sqrt{2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 7}}{\sqrt{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}} = \frac{\sqrt{2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}}{\sqrt{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}} = \sqrt{\frac{2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot \cancel{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}}{\cancel{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}}} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 3^2} = 2 \cdot 3 = \boxed{6}$$

$$8) \sqrt{9 - \sqrt{32}} \cdot \sqrt{9 + \sqrt{32}} = \sqrt{(9 - \sqrt{32}) \cdot (9 + \sqrt{32})} = \sqrt{9^2 - (\sqrt{32})^2} = \sqrt{9^2 - 32} = \sqrt{49} = \boxed{7}$$

$$9) \sqrt{\sqrt{7} - 2} \cdot \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{7} - 2) \cdot (\sqrt{7} + 2)} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{7})^2 - 2^2} = \sqrt{7 - 4} = \boxed{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$10) \sqrt{\frac{7}{25} + \frac{33}{25^2}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{7}{25} - \frac{33}{25^2}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{7}{25}\right)^2 - \left(\sqrt{\frac{33}{25^2}}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{7}{25}\right)^2 - \frac{33}{25^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{25^2} - \frac{33}{25^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{16}{25^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{16}}{\sqrt{25^2}} = \boxed{\frac{4}{25}}$$

$$11) (\sqrt{3} + 4)^2 = (\sqrt{3})^2 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot 4 + 4^2 = 3 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot 4 + 16 = \boxed{8 \cdot \sqrt{3} + 19}$$

$$12) (\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{18})^2 = (\sqrt{8})^2 + 2\sqrt{8} \cdot \sqrt{18} + (\sqrt{18})^2 = 8 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{8 \cdot 18} + 18 = 8 + 2 \cdot 12 + 18 = \boxed{50}$$

Correction exercice 38

a) $0^4 = 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 = 0 \neq 1$ Faux

b) $3^0 = 1$ Vrai

c) $2^{534} + 2^{11173} \neq 2^{11707}$ Faux car $a^n + a^m \neq a^{n+m}$ mais $a^n \cdot a^m = a^{n+m}$

d) Faux car si $a = 111111111111$ alors $a^n + a^n = 2 \cdot (a^n) = 2 \cdot a^n \neq (2 \cdot a)^n = 2^n \cdot a^n$

Correction exercice 39

1) 5

2) $-\frac{73}{20}$

3) $\frac{23}{63}$

4) $\frac{8}{15}$

5) $\frac{1}{14}$

6) $\frac{81}{16}$

7) $\frac{1}{2}$

8) $\frac{108}{625}$

9) $\frac{3}{2}$

10) 1

11) $-\frac{5}{4}$

12) $\frac{1}{15}$

13) 0

14) $\frac{3}{128}$

15) $\frac{10'001}{100}$

16) $\frac{22}{5}$

17) $\frac{27}{8}$

18) $-\frac{12}{5}$

19) $\frac{6}{7}$

20) 9

21) $\frac{5}{100} = \frac{1}{20}$

22) 4'000

23) $-\frac{101}{16}$

24) $-\frac{28}{135}$